Mocal and Personal.

The Rights of Tenants and Sub-Tenants. Yesterday afternoon a jury of twelve men were ummoned to decide upon a case of "a tenant holding over;" a narration of the principal points in which may prove of interest to many of our readers. But first as to the court. It was held in the kitchen of the dwelling-house. As there were but three chairs and a stool in the room, some of the jurors occupied seats on the table, while the majority of them had to take a lean against the wall. The presiding justices, Goddard and Donn, were snugly ensconsed in a dark corner. The stool in question was occupied by a young lady, with a child in her lap; the little fellow's drus resting on the front of the stove. The counsel were, for the plaintiff, Mr. Giberson, and for the defendant, Messrs. Ratcliffe and Carrington. Mr. Phillips, the deputy marshal, was in attendance, to render such aid as might be required of himsuch as swearing the jury and witnesses, and paying off" at the end of the trial.

The room was so warm that one of the counse had to retire to inhale the fresh but damp air. In fact, we thought that he was on the eve of fainting. Howeve the soon recovered from the oppressive

influence of the inner atmosphere.

It appeared, in evidence, that a widow ladv. whom we shall call Mrs. A., remed the house by the month, and sub-let rooms in it to another widow lady, whom we shall call Mrs. B. Mrs. A. desired, on the thirty-first of October, to obtain full possession of the premises, and accordingly served a notice on the sub-tenant to quit, which the latter disregarded, claiming that she was a renter by the year.

The law is in substance that when a person rents a house without any specific arrangements as to time, he can hold it for a year: and if the owner wishes to disposses his tenant, he must give six months notice to that effect. If the house is rented by the month, then the sixty days' notice must be given to the tenant to remove.

It was claimed by the counsel for the defence, (Mrs. B.,) that as she sub-rented from the plaintiff, without regard to any specific period, and as, from her own words, (repeated by a witness,) she was to remain in the house as long as she pleased, the notice of one calender month was not a sufficient notification; and, beside, the notice itself, even to remove at the end of thirty days, was defective. The counsel for the plaintiff (Mrs. A.) contended that, as she rented by the month, she could not sub-rent for a longer period, and that the month's notice was right and in due form.

Several witnesses were examined as to the facts in the case; one of them, a daughter of the plaintiff, explaining the testimony she had given, by saying that her mother had told the defendant that the renting was by the month. This, however, was after the sub-tenant had obtained possession of a part of the house. To this the defendant said nothing. There was no bargain or understanding as to the term of occupancy between the parties at the time of the sub-renting.

The jury were addressed in turn by the respec tive counsel, whose zeal repeatedly got the better of their judgment and led to legal wrangling.

The jury, left to themselves, made up and signed a verdict in favor of the plaintiff. As a consequence, the defendant, the sub-renter, will have to leave the premises in full possession of the original renter. Such is the effect of the decision.

The deputy marshal then performed the impor tant duty of paying every juror one dollar and a quarter for his services. Hats, coats, and umbrellas, were seized in quick time; and, the rain falling heavily, they hastened to their homes.

Risley's Variete-A friend, a patron of the arts and the drama-to whose opinions we de fer in such matters-informs us that this beautiful "drawing-room" was, on Friday evening, filled with a large and intelligent audience, and remarks in connexion that the attraction on that occasion was Mr. W. R. Goodall, the young and accomplished American tragedian, who has, most undoubtedly made a happy and durable impression upon all lovers of the refined and elaborate drama. Our friend continues :

nessed the restoration of the immortal dramas of the "cunning-minded" Shakspeare to the Washington boards. Mr. Goodall sustained the character of Hamlet with the most unquestionable success; his ability in the execution and personation of the various and conflicting shades of expression in this difficult tragedy, was attended with most signal success. He was frequently and most enthusiastically applauded.

The character of the "ghost," by Mr. Parker, was played with accuracy and vigor. "Ophelia," by that popular and accomplish

artiste, Mrs. W. C. Gladstane, was executed with neatness and facility, and what is of more consequence, with an overflowing naturalness and

Mr. Altemus was quite in his element, with his liveliness and spirit, as the garrulous old "Polonius." Mr. Gallagher was very clever and ingenious in his admirable impersonation of "Laertes." "Horatio," by Mr. Savage, was rendered with spirit and inteligence. The roles of the "King" and "Queen," by Mr. and Mrs. Littell, were most favorably received. The entire tragedy of Hamlet was played in a manner that reflects credit upon the company; and it is generally conceded that the performance on Friday evening exceeded the anticipations of the audience.

The stock company is daily improving, and their recent success will, we trust, stimulate them to further study and application. The richness variety of costume and decorations, with several new and attractive scenes, were universally admired. The mise en scene of the entire tragedy was tasteful and unexceptionable.

Mr. Goodall appeared last night in his celebrated character and chef d'auvre, "Edward Middleton' in the great moral drama of the "Drunkard," and was successfully sustained by Mrs. Gladstane and

We trust that Mr. Risley will succeed in in-

ducing this talented young tragedian to remain for a few more nights.

The School of Design, emanating from the Metropolitan Mechanics' Institute, and one of its first good fruits, is to be opened on next Tuesday evening. The number of pupils is limited to one hundred and twenty; and already upwards of eighty-two-thirds, have entered. So soon as the advantages of the school shall become generally known, we doubt not there will be a necessity for increasing the accommodations for instruction. Almost every youth and adult has a desire to learn to draw; and a fine opportunity is now afforded, on reasonable terms, for the gratification of the wish. This knowledge will, in after life, prove not only a source of pleasure, but useful in the busi-

ness pursuits of life. Mr. J. S. Hollingshead, the agent for this district, of "Thirty years' View, by a Senator of Thirty Years," (Col. Benton,) although he but recently entered upon his duties as a canvasser, has already obtained six hundred subscribers to the work. This affords some indication of the popularity of the history, as well as of the industry of the respected and gentlemanly agent.

Exchange Hotel.-We take great pleasure in recommending this establishment to our friends. The house is pleasantly situated, and admirably

Mr. Baker is a Virginian, and all who patronize him will find him an accommodating host, and courteons gentleman. Give him a trial.

The May Demonstration.-Upwards of a hundred subscribers, we learn, have been procured to the proposition for a dinner to our popular and eloquent former fellow-catizen, (now a represen-tative in Congress, from Maryland,) the Hon. Hen-ry May. A letter has been addressed to him, in-viting his acceptance of the proffered compliment. This is not a party movement, but one in which both whigs and democrats join to honor a warmhearted and talented Districtonian.

Gas-lights.—The complaint that this city badly lighted during dark nights, will soon be removed, judging from the continuous operations of the workmen engaged in laying gas-pipes. In addition to Pennsylvania and Louisiana avenues, and Sixth, Seventh and a part of E street, being now lighted with gas. Ninth street will soon be included in the public illumination; and so of other streets, in the course of time.

Mr. J. T. K. Plant, on Seventh street, exnibits for sale a large and beautiful assortment of uphostery articles. Among his goods we notice elegant patterns of window shades, with hand-some views thereon of Niagara Falls and Harper's Ferry.

General Intelligence.

New Theory of the Tides.—The present age is one of great progress in scientific discovery, but for all this there never was a time when more nonsensical theories were advanced, and more scientific persiflage infused into literature than at the present moment. There are many who, having merely a superficial acquaintance with natural phenomena, rush into the public prints with the most crude and foolish ideas, in explanation of things which require no explanation at all, because of their being well established facts, proved and known to all scientific men. Many men appear to regard every new theory as the true one; if it were so, we would have to look upon ourselves as living in a state of universal doubt and falsehood with respect to every question of science; for we have never known a single intricate question yet, on which all men agreed. For example, a correspondent of the Washington Union thinks that all the almanaes, scientific and nautical books based on the theory of lunar oceanic influence, are constructed upon a mere tchim; and gives the following as his theory of tides:

"The passage of the tides through the ocean is produced, in our opinion, by the filling up and emptying of certain corresponding cavities in the hidden surface of the globe. When these internal caverns are full of water, the tides are low on the surrounding shores of the earth. When they are empty, the water flows out into the oceans, and the tides rise. This plain proposition is susceptible, we apprehend, of complete demonstration."

He does not present any demonstration, however, excepting the following piece of balderdash: "We trust Lieut. Maury will demonstrate, by all the lights of advancing civilization, why is it that the tides of the ocean rise and fall the most where New Theory of the Tides.—The present ag

the lights of advancing civilization, why is it that the tides of the ocean rise and fall the most where the outer surface of the earth (and undoubtedly its inner surface also,) is the most broken, where the volcanic fires have been the most violent.—

* * * * It is to be shown, we apprehend,
that the waters of the American lakes do not rise and fall, because of the even, confined, or clos-natures of the basins of earth which contain them

and fall, because of the even, confined, or close natures of the basins of earth which contain them. Whereas, if they were operated upon as some contend, by the moon, they ought to rise and fall at least as much as the Mediterranean, a sea no larger, no broader, no deeper than some of them."

We have also seen another theory advanced for the tides, namely, that of electrical influence; but it is equally as destitute of proof and demonstration as the above. A logician can detect at once an error in the above theory, viz: in attributing the tides to the emptying and filling of the cavities on the earth's surface, that being the very thing that requires explanation itself; this phenomena is not the cause; it is the effect of the tides.

The Mediterranean contains a great deal more water than all our lakes put together, and yet in the bay of Naples, that place where volcanic fires have been most violent, and where, according to the above theory, tides should rise to an enormous height, they only rise about twelve inches, and except in the narrowest straits of the Mditerranean, they are not perceptible. What reader of history can forget the awe of Alexander the Great's Greek soldiers from the Mediterranean, when they first saw the waters of the great ocean in India ebb and flow like the breathing of a giant. In the Baltic and Black seas the tides are very small, while at Annapolis, in the bay of Fundy, near the ocean, the tide rises to 100 feet. The tides can only be explained upon the principle of gravity; the attraction of the moon and sun. On our coasts the tides return later and later each day by 50 minutes, according to the moon's position and her rate of sailing round our planet.

minutes, according to the moon's position and her rate of sailing round our planet.

There is a perfect agreement between the moon's motion and that of the sea, for the tides place, but are greatest when the moon is in con junction, or opposition to the sun at the time of new and full moon, and least when in quadrature to it. This increase and diminution of the wa-ters is regular, and constitute the spring and neap

When we know that a sensible variation of the When we know that a sensible variation of the tides is produced by the relative position of the moon to various parts of our planet, and that with unfaltering regularity, we must condemn every man who advances another theory, as a shallow egotist, unless he produces proof of some other agency causing these effects, and showing the deception which the moon has so long practised upon our senses.—Scientific American.

Incidents of a Battle. Some English guards men who were in the battle of Waterloo, related to Hayden, the painter, the following anecdotes of the thickest of the fight. They present war in all

its horrors:
The description of the men was simple, charac The description of the men was simple, characteristic, and poetical. They said when the life guards and cuirassiers met, it was like the ringing of ten thousand blacksmiths' anvils. One of them knew my models, Shaw and Dakin. He saw Dakin, while fighting on foot with two cuirassiers, also on foot, divide both their heads with cuts five and six. He said Dakin rode out, foaming at the mouth, and cheered on his troops. In the evening he saw Dakin lying dead, cut in pieces. Dakin sat to me for the sleeping groom on his knees, in Macbeth.

in Macbeth.

Another saw Shaw fighting with two cuirassiers at a time. Shaw, he said, always cleared his passage. He saw him take an eagle, but lost it afterwards; as, when any man got an eagle, all the troops near him, on both sides, left off fighting, and set on him who had the eagle. He went on him saft year, well but riding too far was speared by set on him who had the eagle. He went on himself very well, but, riding too far, was speared by
a lancer, and fainted away. Recovering. he sat
upright, when three or four lancers saw him, rode
at him, and speared him till they thought him dead.
He remembered nothing till revived by the shaking as they carried him to the yard of La Haye
Sainte. There he heard some one groaning, and
turning round saw Shaw, who said: "I am dying;
my side is torn off by a shell." His comrades told
us how he had swooned away, and being revived
by their taking him up to be carried to Brussels at
daybreak, he saw poor Shaw dead, with his cheek
in his hand.

Corporal Webster, of the second life guards,
saw Shaw give his first cut. As he was getting
down the rising ground in the hollow road, a
cuirassier waited and gave point at his belly.
Shaw parried the thrust, and before the Frenchman recovered, cut him right through his brass
helmet to the chin, and "his face fell off him like
a bit of apple."

helmet to the chin, and "his ince ien on him a bit of apple."

Another, Hodgson, (a model, and the finest of all, standing six feet four inches, a perfect Achilles.) charged up to the French baggage. He saw artillery driver-boys of sixteen crying on their horses. In coming back, a whole French regiment opened, and let him pass at full gallop, then closed and gave him a volley, and never hit him

closed and gave him a volley, and never hit him or horse.

The first man who stopped him was an Irishman in the French service. He dashed at him, and said, "D—n you, I'll step your crowing." Hodgson said he was frightened, as he had never fought anybody with swords. Watching the cuirassier, however, he found he could not move his fought anybody with swords. Watching the cuirassier, however, he found he could not move his horse so quickly as he could; so, letting go the reins, and guiding his horse with his knees, as the cuirassier gave point at his throat, Hodgso i cut his sword hand off, and dashed his sabre through his throat, cutting it round and round. The first cut he gave him was on the cuirass, which he thought was silver lace. The shock nearly broke his arm. "D—n me, sir," he added, "now I had found out the way, I soon gave it them." As Hodgson rode back, after being fired at, an officer encountered him. Hodgson cut his horse at the naps, and, as it dropped dead, the officer's helmet rolled off, and Hodgson saw a bald head and white hairs. The officer begged for mercy, but at that instant a troop of lancers was approaching at the gallop, so Hodgson cleaved his head in two at a blow, and escaped. The recollection of the white hairs, he told us, pained him often. Before he got back to the British lines a lancer officer charged him, and, missing his thrust, came right on Hodgson and his horse. Hodgson got clear, and cut his head off at the neck, at one blow, and the head dropped on his havresack, where he kept the blood-stain.

A Female Husband .-- A few days previous to A Female Husband.—A few days previous to the sailing of the last steamer, a quiet looking elderly woman solicited the assistance of Mr. Broderip, one of the London Police magistrates, under the following circumstances. She complained that her daughter, a girl of seventeen, had gone through the ceremony of marriage without being blessed with a husband. It was, of course, at the time of the nuptials, supposed that she was being united to one of the other sex, and they went to York to spend the honeymoon; but her daughter, to her great surprise, discovered that she had been married to a woman in male attire, and the mother of three children. Mr. Broderip, after stating that there were other cases of a simiand the mother of three children. Mr. Broderip, after stating that there were other cases of a similar character on record, and learning that the marriage was solemnized at Highgate church, referred the complainant to the magistrate of that district. Before leaving the court, however, the mother made the following most extraordinary statement. She said that the pseudo husband was first introduced to her in female attire, under the name of Mrs. Panton; but after an intimacy of some months, suddenly appeared in the costume of a gentleman, announcing himself as Mr. Albert Guelph, and delaring that he was issue of George IV. and Queen Caroline, but that, for certain reasons, his existence hitherto had been kept a profound secret, but that his love for her fair daughter had wrung it from his heart, and induced him to appear in the becoming habiliments of his own sex, in lieu of the feminine attire he had been disguised in for years, by direction of a very besex, in lieu of the feminine attire he had been disguised in for years, by direction of a very benign old lady, who met him periodically in Park lane, and supplied him with cash ad libitum. As he dressed very fashionably, and always had plenty of money, the mother, believing the story, consented to their nuptials, particularly as the soi disant Mrs. Panton and her daughter, had, upon the castlen of little visits along together before: the occasion of little visits, slept together before; and so Miss Robbins changed her name for Mrs. Guelph, on the 12th of September, 1853, by license, at Highgate church; but, alas! soon discovered that Mrs. Panton was but a woman, after all.

Naval Steamer.—An iron vessel, named the "Enterprise," intended for the Deep Sea Fishing Association of Scotland, has been launched on the Clyde. She is about 100 feet in length, and 16 feet beam, her measurement about 100 tons, and her engines are 100-horse power. The propelling power, on a totally new principle, by and her engines are 100-horse power. The pro-pelling power, on a totally new principle, by Messrs. Ruthven, of Glasgow, the patentees, re-quires neither paddles nor screw. One important feature of the invention is, that by a simple move-ment the vessel can be either stopped, turned or backed, almost instantaneously, without requiring the steam to be let off, or the machinery stopped. The principle of propulsion is the injection of wa-ter through pipes, to act upon the mass of water in which the vessel is moving. James Rumsey employed this principle, but Ruthven's improvement relates to the exit tubes.

Four children of Mr. Thomas Kennedy, in Strong, Maine, recently died within the space of one week, as follows: On the 20th November, Thomas, aged 9 years; on the 25th, Josephine, aged 6 years; on the 26th, Nancy, aged 11 years, and in five minutes afterwards, Jane, aged 14 years. The disease was "malignant throat distemper." At the time of the death of the last two children, who died almost at the same moment, a little infant daughter was added to the family. The little girl who died the day previous had not been interred, and the three deceased children, after being placed in coffins, were each in turn brought to the bedside of the sick mother, at her earnest solicitation, for a parting look, after which they were buried in one grave. These were all bright and affectionate children, and tenderly beloved. What a change in one short week. What a change in one short week.

An Old Man, named Apolimus Blosser, was arrested in St. Louis, on Thursday last, on a charge of bigamy. Some forty years ago, Blosser married in Baden, Germany, by which marriage he became the father of eight children. In 1844 he removed to Strasburg, abandoning his wife and children, and again married. Subsequently he emigrated to America, bringing the second wife with him. The complainant in the case, at whose instance the suit was brought, is a son by the first marriage. The justice dismissed the case on the ground, first, that no offence had been committed against the laws of Missouri, in the contract of the second marriage, as it occurred without her jurisdiction; and second, that the misdemeanor occurring nine years since, prosecution was barred An Old Man, named Apolimus Blosser, was aroccurring nine years since, prosecution was barred by the statute of limitations.

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& G. Beesley's, Joseph Johnson, 25 Church street,
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inspection, I can warrant perfect time-keepers. lected by myself, and being put up under my own inspection, I can warrant perfect time-keepers. Gold Pens, of my own make, of superior workmanship, warranted to retain their points, for \$2, \$3 and \$1. Pens without cases, 75 cents, \$1 50, \$2 and \$3. Sent to all parts of the country free of postage. Old pens re-pointed and made equal to new for 50 cents.

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will be sold at very low prices.
THOMAS YOUNG, Corner Pennsylvania avenue and 4½ street. Dec 17—3md (m)

LOR RENT, one of the best Business Stan In the city, situated on Seventh street, three doors below Selden, Withers & Co's. A lease will be given for four years or more. It is the store lately occupied by J. C. Brashears.

The store room is 90 feet deep, 24 feet wide, with a cellar.

For terms apply to the undersigned.

J. CLAYTON BRASHERS, at
HALL & BROTHERS.

foreign Intelligence.

From the London Times.
THE EASTERN WAR. The Commencement of Operations in the Black Sea.

Hack Sea.

The commencement of naval hostilities on the Black Sea between squadrons of the Turkish and Russian fleets, will be an event of considerable interest and novelty, for the naval strength of both countries must be regarded as untried in its present form, and there is hardly any sea on the globe which has witnessed so few naval contests as the Euxine. Scarcely eighty years have elapsed since the Porte consented to open the Black Sea to the merchant flags of foreign nations, which had been jealousy excluded from it since the expulsion of the Genoese in the 15th century. The creation of the Black Sea fleet of Russia may be said to date from the present century; and when the last war between the two empires took place, and the disaster of Navarino had recently deprived the Turks of all means of maritime warfare. The passage of the Bosphorus has been still more strictly guarded by the policy of the Porte, and by treaty against the naval flags of the other European powers; and we believe that, with the exception of a short cruise of the Blonde frigate, under Capt. Lyons, about the year 1829, no English ship has entered the Euxine; certainly none has entered it for the purposes of war.

The following is given as authentic:—"On the

the Euxine; certainly none has entered it for the purposes of war.

The following is given as authentic;—"On the night of the 21st November the Turks forced the Russians to quit the island opposite Giurgevo. Two attempts were made by the Russians to retake the island, but they were repulsed. In the second attack the Russians showed signs of cowardice, and had to be forced into the Turkish fire. Between 7 and 8 o'clock on the morning of the 24th the Russians retook the island. During the night of the 25th the Turks made a night attack, but were unsuccessful. The passage of the river night of the 25th the Turks made a night attack, but were unsuccessful. The passage of the river by the Russians at this point is out of the question. The pontoons (quer., Russian or Turkish?) have been all sent to the Hirsova, to connect the numerous islands with the right bank to the river."

The Turks have gained further successes in Asia. They have not only defended successfully the fort of St. Nicholas, but have captured the fortresses of Usurgheti and Seuchum Kaleh. The Georgians favor the Turks. Two new regiments of "marine artillery" are forming, to be employed on the coast between Sinope and Trebizonde.

on the coast between Sinope and Trebizonde. Souchum Kaleh is a large fortress of the first class, considerably to the north and west of Redout Kaconsiderably to the north and west of Redout Kaleh, and its capture shows that the turkish forces
are making decided progress in the exact direction which renders the Russian frontier in the
Caucasus, less secure than ever. We wait with
anxiety the details which the mail will bring of
the taking of this important stronghold.

Letters from Trebizonde, of the 6th November,
confirm the previous accounts of the Turkish, or
rather Circassian, successes at Tchorog and Shefkatil. These accounts state that the Russians had
15,000 men in the action, and the Circassians
20,000—a manifest exaggeration. The son of

20,000—a manifest exaggeration. The son of Prince Gouriel, who has fallen into the hands of the Turks, is called the Prince of Wallachia. the Turks, is called the Prince of Wallachia. Hostilities have commenced at sea. An Egyptian steamship is announced to have captured the Russian steam frigate Wladimir, and the Russian sloop of war Bessarabia has taken a Turkish steamer. The Wanderer, of Vienna, mentions that an engagement had taken place between a Russian frigate, near Kafe, on the coast of Anatolia, and that "the advantage remained with the Turkish steamer;" perhaps this refers to the same occurrence.

tached to the position that Servia may assume in the progress of the war. Russian intrigue is ac-tively at work. Servia itself, if let alone, seems

honestly disposed to remain neutral.

A Vienna correspondent state that, on 14th November, the difficulties between the Turkish and local authorities had proceeded so far that the Turkish garrison of the fortress threatened to bombard the city if the Russian consul, M. de Moukhine, the city if the Russian consul, M. de Moukhine, were permitted to remain. By the intervention of the Austrian consul, the matter was arranged. By latest accounts it was, however, announced that the Servian government had demanded from the Porte that the Russian representative shall be permitted to return, and that his exequatur shall be granted to him. There is little probability that the Porte will do so.

France has an agent, at present, in Montenegro

France has an agent, at present, in Montenegro, making arrangements for the establishment of French consular stations in that State.

In Vienna, 20th, it was reported that an alliance had been concluded between Servia and Montenegro, but this rumor required confirmation.

By last mail from Europe it was reported that the Turks had attempted to cross into Servia, and had been repulsed with 500 killed. We threw discredit on this statement at the time. A correspondent of a London paper, writing from Orsova, describes the affair in different colors, and says: "An undisciplined mob of Bosnians, who attempted to cross the frontiers near Uschitza, were driven back after a few shots were exchanged. The Servians are posted in considerable force near the

Servians are Drina, which forms the boundary between Bosnia and Servia. The arriere ban has been called out." Russian Attack on the Austrian Lloyds Steamer.—The following is taken from a Turkish dispatch, and shows that the Russians are care-

the freedom of commercial intercourse:

On Thursday last, the Pesth, Lloyd's steamer, in passing before Giurgevo, flag hoisted, had to suffer from the Russian battery, although the weather was so clear as not to admit of a possibility of an error. Our battery between Routchouk and of an error. Our battery between Routehouk and Vardenza, fired some shots in order to protect the packet, which was injured in two places, and her chain broken by projectiles. Hence, under the necessity of returning, she placed herself under our protection, and the passengers were landed.

At 4 o'clook, P. M., after the return of the At 4 o'clock, P. M., after the return of the Austrian steamer, the agent of the company at Giurgevo sent to apologise, stating that the Russians had fired by mistake, and the captain. accompanied by the Austrian and Prussian consular agents, presented themselves before me to inquire whether the steamer might be considered safe in her present station. In reply I observed that I could make no formal engagement, and that the vessel necessarily must be exposed to the same risks with the town itself. On this the captain resolved to depart, and at a distance from this risks with the town itself. On this the captain resolved to depart, and at a distance from this place of about three hours, the Russians again fired on the vessel, which was defended to the best of their ability by our post guards. Finally, the captain was forced to approach the right bank and throw out his anchor, and he sent me the second in command to inform me of these

the second in command to inform me of these England,—Extraordinary Affair in the Home Office,—We learn with some surprise, and more pleasure, that, on the customary application being recently made to the noble lord, the secre-tary for the home department, for the usual queen's letter, ordering collections to be made for the society for propagating the gospel in foreign parts, his lordship replied that he had heard so many complaints of the working of that society, and of the high church leaven which had got into it, that he could not advise her majesty to grant any

Astounded at this rebuff, the officers of the so-

Astounded at this rebuff, the officers of the society laid the matter before a right reverend prelate, who at once sought an interview with two leading members of the cabinet—a noble duke, and the representative of one of the universities.

The result was, that these three eminent persons at once proceeded to call on the home secretary for the purpose of expostulating with him on the decision to which he had come; but they found, to their amazement and mortification, that his lordship was wholly inexorable. They were politely reminded that the matter lay in his department, not in that of either of his two colleagues in the cabinet who were present; and that he felt no necessity for their advice or interference in any way in the matter.

we learn that his lordship also prainty stated that this was not the only church society which would, in future, be excluded from the privilege of a queenly letter. We need scarcely say, that the consternation in high church quarters at this unexpected occurrence exceeds anything ever before known. It is even believed that, after the before known. It is even believed that, after the extraordinary circumstances which have occurred, it will be impossible for the Duke of Newcastle, and Mr. Gladstone, and one or two others, to remain in the cabinet with Lord Palmerston.

France.—There was a report that the Count de Chambord's property in France will be sequestered for the use of the State, as the Orleans property in France will be sequestered for the use of the State, as the Orleans pro-

perty was.

The statue of Marshal Ney was to be inaugurated on the 7th instant, and the railway arous

Paris on the 12th.

Italy.—At Milan, the most unheard of precau Italy.—At Milan, the most unheard of precau-tions are taken by the Austrians to guard against a supposed conspiracy. Guards were doubled in most of the streets; and their posts are defended by stockades. The officers box in the theatre is fenced off from the others, and no one is admitted at the door of the house without exhibiting a pass-port or carta di securrezza. Every dwelling-house must be close at midnight, under penalty of ar-rest and fine of the inhabitants.

The amount of property destroyed by fire in the United States during the month of November exceeds \$2,000,000.

By the House Line, expressly for the Sentine

Arrival of the Sarah Sands. PORTLAND, Mr., Dec. 17 .- The steamer Sarah

Sailing of the Andes. Great Riot.

CHICAGO, ILL., Dec. 17 .- A riot occurred at La Salle yesterday, among the operatives on the Illinois central railroad, owing to a reduction in their wages. One rioter shot contractor Albert Story dead. The latter's office was afterwards attacked dead. The latter's office was afterwards attacked and pillaged. Mrs. Story was fired upon, but escaped. It was reported that Dunn, Story's foreman, shot nine of the laborers. The sheriff arrived, and, meeting with resistance, killed one Irishman and wounded two others. Thirty of the rioters had been arrested. Story's body was horribly mutilated.

Charleston, Dec. 16.—The brig Palo Alto, of Charleston, bound from Matanzas for Boston, was sunk on the 4th, by the French barque Neustint.

The brig D. S. Brown, from Philadelphia for New Orleans, put in dismasted.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 17 .- There has been quite an excitement to-day among our mechanics and poorer classes, especially the Germans, by a rumor that the Baltimore Savings Bank, which holds deposits to the extent of about \$3,500,000, was in a doubtful condition, on account of certain railroad stock speculations. These rumors are of course unfounded, but has had the intended effect course unfounded, but has had the intended effect of causing a run on the bank, and they have had about twenty extra clerks employed all day in paying off the depositors, and will keep open for that purpose till 12 o'clock to-night. Many of the excited depositors have sacrificed their deposits to greedy shavers at 50 cents on the dollar.

** Public worship, as usual, at the New Jerusale church, (Swedenborgian.) North Capitol street, between and C, to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

** F Street Presbyterian Church.—The Rev. Dr. Backus, of Baltimore, will preach in this church this morning, 18th instant, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and three and a half o'clock, P. M.

. Smithsonian Institute Lectures .- On Monday evening, the 19th instant, by BENJ HALLOWILL. Subject: Fixed Stars, Nebulæ, and Stellar Systems. During the lecture, a planetarium of entirely new construction, lavented by Thomas H. Barlow, of Kentucky, will be ex-

. Unitarian Church.—The Rev. W. H. Channing, of New York, will preach in the Unitarian church for a few Sabbaths, commencing to-day, at the usual hours, eleven o'clock in the morning, and at a quarter after seven in the evening. Subject in the morning: "A Credible Creed;" in the evening "The Unity of Christendom."

43 Young Men's Christian Association.

ROBERT S. FORDE, Recording Secretar

* * I. O. O. F.—The members of Friendship Lodge, No. 12, and Ridgely encampment, No. 5, will
meet at their lodge room on Sunday, the 18th inst., at one
clock P. M., for the purpose of attending the funeral of
Brother Walter L. Burke, late a member of Franklin
Lodge, No. 2, and Salem Encampment, No. 2, of Baltimore.
Members of sister lodges and encampments in good standing are fraternally invited.

**Industrial Exhibition.—The Industrial Exhibition in the large hall of the New Bastist Church, on

The School of Design of the Metropolitan Mechanics' Institute,—
The School of Design of the Metropolitan Mechanics' Institute will be opened about the 12th or 15th instant, in the third story of Parker's Building, on Pennsylvania avenue, between 6th and 7th streets.

The school being limited to one hundred and twenty scholars, those desirous of becoming attached thereto will please hand in their names to any of the officers of the Institution. New members, over twenty-one years of ago, will have to pay three dollars; those under twenty-one, and not less than fourteen years, pay two dollars. Present senior members will pay two dollars, and junior members one dollar. Upon paying as above, which must be done before entering the school, they will receive a ticket of membership in the Institute, entitling them to all the privileges of the School of Design, Lectures, and Exhibition, if any shall be held.

By order of Board of Management.

P. M. PEARSON, Rec. Sec'y.

23. Grace Church Fair.—The ladies of Grace Church, Island, the Rev. Alfred Holmesd, Rector, will open a Fair for the sale of useful and fancy articles, on Monday next, Dec. 12, in the large and splendid building recently erected on the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh st. The Fair will be continued during the week. Each night a handsome and bountiful supper will be provided. This benevolent and christian enterprise will commend itself to our citizens, generally, when it is stated that the proceeds of the Fair are to be appropriated towards the payment of the debt due on Grace Church.

Donations are respectfully solicited, and may be sent during this week to the house of the Rector, on B st. between 9th and 10th sts. south, and to the fair-room after Monday next.

ments on scientific, mathematical principles, based upon anxiomy of the human figure; the interior and exterior appearance of the garment regulated according to taste and

News by Telegraph.—We have just received, by telegraph, the fact that GILMAN'S instantaneous LIQUID HAIR DYE is the only article now used in the fashionable circles at Washington, all other preparations having died out.—Florida Resulties.

For sale by Z. D. GILMAN, Chemist,

For Hats or Caps, call at HENDLEY'S, se-cond door east of the United States Hotel, Penn-sylvania avenue; where also may be be found a great variety of under-shirts, drawers, dress-shirts, gloves, hosiery, cravats, and other goods for gen-tlemen.

For gracefulness, durability, and cheapness HENDLEY'S hats are not to be surpassed. Elegant Harness.-There is now on exhibi

tion at the saddlery store of Mr. Lutz, on Penn-

Amusements.

RISLEY'S VARIETE.

ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY sting of forty-two performers, under the rection of SIGNOR ARDITI.

ON MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 19,

Prices of Admission.

RISLEY'S VARIETE.

UNPRECEDENTED MUSICAL NOVELTY. ITALIAN OPERA! Consisting of Forty-Two Performers FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY! Under the able direction of SIGNOR L. ARDITI.

OPENING NIGHT MONDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1858

LUCREZIA BORGIA. First appearance of SIGNORINA ROSA DE VRIES, SIGNOR POZZOLINI, SIGNORINA SIEDENBURG, And SIGNOR COLETTI.

MONDAY EVENING, December 19, 1853.

Will be presented Donizetti's celebrated opera, in three acts, of

LUCREZIA BORGIA.

Lucrezia Borgia... Signora ROSA DE VRIES.
Gennaro......Signor POZZOLINI.
Don Alfonzo, Duke of Gazzella Signor PAROZZI.
Liveretto Signor WILLIAM.
Petruccio Signor BALAQUER.
Vitellozzo Signor RAINHARD.

A Grand Chorus and full Orchestra.
Chorus Master.......Signor TORRIAN
Prompter.......Signor LANZA.

No Opera will be Repeated. OPERA NIGHTS:

Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, each Week Admission to all parts of the house with the exception of private Boxes \$1 50. Seats in private Boxes \$2.

The Box Book will be open for secured seats on Saturday and Monday next at Davis's Music Store, on Pennsylvania avenue, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. [Dec. 15—4t

NATIONAL THEATRE.

THE RAVEL FAMILY. ON MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 19. performance will commence with the farce
THE MARRIED BACHELOR.

To be followed by the ballet pantomime of To conclude with the comic pantomime of

THE GREEN MONSTER. Prices of Admission.—Dress Circle and Parquette, 50 cents; Reserved seats, 75 cents; Orchestra seats, 75 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Third Tier, 50 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents.

Doors open at a quarter to seven, to commence at seven-viclock.

NATIONAL THEATRE.

MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 19, The inimitable and accomplished RAVEL FAMILY. ith their entire auxiliary force, numbering over FORTY PERSONS, in their most amusing

GRAND FAIRY MAGIC PANTOMIME, called the GREEN MONSTER! Introducing over one hundred surprising and highly amusing TRICKS AND METAMORPHOSES,

played at New York, Philadelphia, and Bostor

The machinery introduced in this piece is mos elaborate and perfect, producing effects truly magi-cal, and apparently realizing all we read of in Oriental fairy tales. Dec 18

ANNIVERSARY BALL

COLUMBIA TYPOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY. THE Executive Committee, appointed to make the necessary arrangements, respectively make known to the public that the contemplated Ball of the COLUMBIA TYPOGRAPHIfully make known to th CAL SOCIETY will take place at JACKSON HALL, on MONDAY, the 9th of January, 1854. Every arrangement will be made to insure satis

Tickets TWO DOLLARS-admitting

MANAGERS .- (Blue Rosette.) MANAGERS.—(Blue Rosette.)

B Claxton,
ames Chedal,
J Klopfer,
U A Fitzgerald,
L Smith,
L Smith,
F Wilkins,
L Schopfer,
J MeQuillan,
J Klopfer,
J MeQuillan,
J Codon,
J MeQuillan,
J Sch Ellot,
J Medillan,
L Starten,
J Medillan,
J Medill A B Claxton, James Chedal, E J Klopfer, RECEPTION.—(White Rosette.)
inglish, P Brown,
ge, J MeIntyre, J Cogswell,
rrson, G Rock,
wn, F M Detweller, J Robinson,
by, J T Halleck, A J McQuigg
ington, J B Williamson, J C Francon

COMMITTEE ON REFRESHMENTS. (Blue Rosette.)

George Cochran, Thos W Howard,
B C Wright, Jos W Davis,
Wm E Morcoe, Thomas Rich.
FLOOR MANAGERS.—(Red Rosette.)

Wm Jones. Wm Belt.
Gentlemen wishing invitation cards sent ladies will forthwith hand their names, with reidences, to a member of the committee. The above committees are requested to meet at the Society's room, City Hall, on Saturday evening, the 17th instant.

ENERAL AGENCY.—CHARLES E. WEAVER, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, continues his agency for the prosecution of claims against the government. He will attend to the procuring of pensions—revolutionary and invalid; bounty land warrants; extra pay; arreagges of pays as well as the adjuster pay. ages of pay, as well as the adjustment of post-master's and contractor's accounts at the Post Of-fice Department; also all other matters requiring an attorney at the seat of government. An experience of some years affords him good facilities for a prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care, and its satisfactory adjustment.

References given, if necessary, in any State of the Union.

Nov. 6—diffxep.

Roy. 6—difacp.

Nov. 6—difacp.

Nov. 6—difacp.

Nov. 6—difacp.

Nov. 6—difacp.

Nov. 6—difacp.

Nov. 6—difacp.

In Glish And American Pickles and English Sauces, vit;

Gherkins, Mixed, Chow-Chow, Walnut, Piccailly, Caulliflower, English, of both Crosse, and Blackwell's, Battey's exportation.

And Crosse and Blackwell's celebrated OnionPickles, Mixed, Mangoes, Martinas, Onions, Caulliflower, Red Cabbage, American.

Van Benschoten and Well's Provost, New York.
Lee & Perrin's celebrated Worcestershire Sauce, in qts., pints, and half-pints, late importation.

Also, John Bull's, Harvey, Reading, India-Soy Essence of Anchovies and Lobsters.

Crosse and Blackwell's, and Whybrow's English Mustard.

Louis Frere's French Mustard.

(Successors to John B. Kibbey & No. 5, opposite Centre Market. [Star.] (m) Dec 17-1wif

HAMPAGNE CIDER-12 barrels good quality, just received.

1 tierce southern dried Cherries in store.
SHEKELL & BAILEY. Successors to John B. Kibbey & Co., No. 5, opposite Centre Market. 17—6tif [Star.] (m)

Dec 17-6tif

Miscellaneons.

CHIRTS: SHIRTS!! SHIRTS!!!-Gentlemen in want of a superior article and good fitting shirts, will find a first-rate assortment of a styles at LANE'S
Gentlemen's Furnishing Establishment.

Dec 3-d2wif

CHILDREN'S and Infants' Hats, Caps, and Flats of all colors, styles, qualities, and prices, a large and superior assortment now on hand, cheap for cash, at LANE'S

Fashionable Hat and Cap Store,

Pennsylvania av., near 42 st.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!! of the latest fashion and most approved styles; a full asfashion and most approved styles; a full assortment now on hand at LANE'S fashionable hat and cap store, Pennsylvania avenue, near 44 st.

Dec 3—d2wif

TEW STORE, An excellent stock of C. BIRGE, under Willard's Hotel, where he in-

RUPP'S RESTAURANT AND HOTEL.
The proprietor is always prepared to furnish ordinary or extra meals at short notice, including all the delicacies of the season.

He has two suites of furnished rooms suitable for messes or single gentlemen. Also rooms for private parties or business transactions. His location is convenient to the Capitol and the Executive departments.

Thomas Brown, T. D. Winter. OF VIRGINIA.

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

THE UNDERSIGNED offer their services

BROWN & WINTER.

HEIDSIECK CHAMPAGNE.—
50 baskets Pifer's Heidsieck Wine, imported by Rinauld and Francois.
50 Baskets Charles Heidsieck Wine, import-by T. W. Bayoud & Co.
Just received and for sale by E. E. WHITE & CO.,
Louisiana avenue, between 6th and 7th streets, opposite the Bank of Washington.

Dec'15—3tif

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
JCHAS. H. LANE has now the honor of informing his numerous friends and patrons, in and out of Congress, that his stock is large and complete in every department, embracing all articles usually kept in a first-class furnishing establishment.

ment.

Gentlemen are respectfully solicited to call and examine my stock, which will be cheerfully exhibited at all times. Moderate prices and fair dealing may be relied upon.

GAUTIER'S DINNER PARTIES.

ling.

Parties desiring breakfast, function, dinner, or supper, can be served in the Restaurant, or in private dining-rooms.

LADIES' SALOON.

Ladies, and ladies accompanied by gentlemen, will be served in this spacious and elegant room, with coffee, oysters, ices, and all the delicacies of the season. the season.

Entertainments at private dwellings furnished s heretofore. (m) Nov 30—w&slm as heretofore. (m)

graved, enamelled, and jewelled cases. RICH JEWELRY.

Silver Tea Sets, Pitchers, Goblets, Cups. Napkin Rings, Table, Dessert, and Teaspoons,

and Forks.
Silver Dessert Knives, Soup, Cream, and Gravy
Ladles.
Sugar, Salt, Mustard, and Egg Spoons.
Pie, Cake, Fish, and Butter Knives.
Sugar Sifters, Ice and Salad Tongs.
Preserve and Jelly Spoons, Pickle Forks, &c. FANCY ARTICLES AND PLATED WARE.

Castors, Urns, Kettles, Flower Stands. Liquor Frames, &c.
M. W. GALT & BROTHER,

Roasted and ground Coffee, roasted and ground in the District, Any of the above Coffees may be roasted and ground to order at short notice.

received weekly.
English Dairy Cheese, "imitation."
Do. do. real genuine, very rich.
Goshen Cheese, plain.
Pine Apple Cheese, Lewis Norton's best brands.
Whole and fresh-ground Spices, all kinds.
Rice Flour, Oswego Corn Starch, and Farina.
Wheaten Grist, Small Hominy.
SHEKELL & BAILEY,

lva & Co's M. C., 1st, in 1-10ths. La Filanthropa, in 1-4ths. La Adorasion, in 1-4ths. El Sol de Peuarrel, in 1-4ths George Washington, in 1-5ths. El Consolation, in 1-4ths. Ambrosia Londres, 1st, 1-10ths.

Do. do. do. 2d, 1-10ths Espaniola for le Prensado, in 1-4ths. 1 case original Victoria Londres, 6,000. Together with a fine assortment of chewing to

SHEKELL & BAILEY,

E. OWEN & SON, Military, Naval and Lishment. The subscribers would call the attention of their friends and the public generally to their superb stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., all of the very latest styles, which they offer at their new sales-room, two doors west of Willard's hotel.

They cannot promise to do more than they have

E. OWEN & SON. Dec 17-2aw1m. (m.) JOHN S. GALLAHER,

Late Third Auditor of the Treasury,

WILL attend to claims before Congress or the
Departments. His familiarity with the
coutine of business will enable him to be useful
to claimants. Dec 2—colm.

Celegraphic.

Sands, being the first of the line from Liverpool to this place, arrived this morning, bringing 200 passengers. Her arrival was celebrated by the ringing of bells and firing of cannon.

NEW YORE, Dec. 17.—The steamer Andes sailed day, with \$330,000 in specie, for Liverpool.

Marine Intelligence.

Bank Excitement.

\$3_ Methodist Episcopal Church South, Eighth street, between H and I, the Rev. James A. Duncan will preach in this church to-morrow, (Sabbath,) at 11 o'clock, A. M., and Rev. W. H. Milburn, (chaplain to Congress,) at 7 o'clock, P. M.

. St. Paul's Lutheran Church, corner of lith and H streets.—Service in this church, (Rev. J. G. Buller's) as usual, this morning, at 11 A. M.; also, in the evening, at 7 o'clock, when the sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated, (Deo volente.)

a George Haydock, of Hudson, New York, will lecture on Temperance at the Hall on E street this evening, 18th inst., at 7 o'clock. Seats free. GEO. SAVAGE, Prest F. V. T. A. S.

A special meeting of this association will be held Monday evening. 19th instant, at 7 o'clock, at the Tenth Street Baptist Church, when the clerical committee on the Bible class will report.

The public are respectfully invited to attend. Dec 18-1t.

The Musical Repository, Nos. 2 and 3, just received and for sale at Cameron's Agency, Columbis Place, No. 3, corner of 7th street and Louisiana avenue Price 6½ cents per number.

13th street, is now attracting general attention. There is a fine display of manufactured articles from eight States of the Union, The addresses thus far have been admirable; and the concerts by Mr. Crosby and lady have excited universal admiration. By special request, Mr. C. will spice his concerts with some of the songs which were so much admired by his crowded audiences when he visited the city some years ago. Look out for a rare treat tonight. Admittance 25 cents.

#3 Why is George P. Fox now stopping at Willard's entitled to the United States Leadership of Fashions. First—because he can construct, make, or in department of Tailoring, so as to suit the youngest or the oldest man, or, if needed, the greatest dandy. Second—be-cause he thoroughly and practically understands by personal observation or superintendance all and every manu-factured fabric or trimming used in the tailoring business, commencing with the first movement of the raw material, throughout every process of mechanical or manual labor, until completion of the plainest or most exquisitively fash-ionable garment, as worn by all classes, by all nations,

fashion, or requirements of the wearer. Fourth, Fifth and Sixth, Credentials No. 2, or reasons will be given verbally, (if required,) or can be published in some future edition.

sylvania avenue, near the National Hotel, a set of double coach and single buggy harness, gold and silver mounted and quill stitched, manufactured by A. Hatch, Augusta, Georgia, expressly for exhibition at the Crystal Palace; but having exceeded the time of its delivery there, through the elaborate style of its workmanship, and there being no room vacant for its reception, it will be sold at cost. Any gentleman desirous of having harness without a rival, has now an opportunity to

Owing to the length of the opera, no other peormance will be given. Opera nights, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, of this week.

tends keeping every article called for in his line; among, which may be found Leary's hats, caps, shawls, robe de chambre, shirts and collars, under garments of every description, silk and cotton umbrellas, canes, gloves, hosiery, &c., &c.

Dec 6—6teod.*

Office on 14th street, opposite Willard's Hotel. Sep 29—tf BROWN & WINTER.

LANES Fashionable Hat, Cap, and Gentlemen's Fornishing Establishment, Penn. avenue, near 41 street.

CONFECTIONARY. Of the purest and most elegant kind, equal to any in the country, manufactured daily in the establishment.

PRESENTS FOR THE HOLYDAYS.—
M. W. GALT & BROTHER invite attention to
their unusually large stock of
SUPERIOR GOLD WATCHES,
consisting of Ladies' and Gentlemens' hunting
and opeu-face Loudon, Liverpool, and Geneva
Duplex, Lever, and Lepine Watches, in plain, en-

Earrings and Bracelets.
Diamond and pearl Finger Rings and Crosses.
Gold Chains, Lockets, Seals. Keys, Breastpins,

Fine Fans, silver Card Cases and Port-monnaies. Plated Tea Sets, Waiters, Cake and Card

Sign of the Golden Eagle, Penn. av. between 9th and 10th streets. (m) Old Government Java Coffee.
Brown Java, in pockets.
Genuine Mocha, in half and quarter barrels.
Maracaibo and White Rio Coffee.

Successors to Jno. B. Kibbey & Co., No. 5, op-site Centre market. [Star] (m) HAVANA CIGARS of the following

Eil Ctseo, in 1-10ths. La Cosmopolita, in 1-5ths.
Maria Antoinette Londres Regalia, 1st, 1-10ths.

(Successors to John B. Ribbey & Co.)
No. 5, opposite Centre Market.
Dec 15—6tif (m)

They cannot promise to do more than they have done for the last twenty-three years, i. e., politeness, punctuality, and gratitude for all favors.

ccutive departments.

Pennsylvania avenue, next to Gadsby's Hotel.

Dec 7—tf. if

to prosecute claims of every description be-ore Congress and the different departments of the

RESIDENTS, Strangers, and others wishing to give dinners or suppers, can have them served in the best manner on short notice, in a large and elegant dining-room, with a superbly furnished reception parlor attached, ensuring all the comfort and convenience of a private dwelling.

COFFEE, TEAS, AND VARIETIES.

ground to order at short nonce.

Imperial, Gunpowder, Young Hyson, and very fine Old Hyson Teas.

Oolong and Pouchong Black Teas.

Souchong, or English Breakfast Tea.

Wine, Lemons, and Fancy Crackers, supplies

Louis Frere's French Mustard. English refined Table Salt, in jars. SHEKELL & BAILEY,